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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/092,157	03/06/2002	Ronald M. Reano	RUN-101-C	9397	
75	7590 01/21/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
ATTN: Thomas D. Helmholdt			KOBERT, RUS	KOBERT, RUSSELL MARC	
YOUNG & BA	SILE, P.C.				
SUITE 624			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
3001 WEST BIG BEAVER ROAD			2829		

DATE MAILED: 01/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application N	lo.	Applicant(s)	.,				
Office Action Summan	10/092,157		REANO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
	Russell M Kol		2829					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the co	ver sheet with the co	orrespondence addre	lss				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, holy within the statutory will apply and will explete, cause the application	nowever, may a reply be time minimum of thirty (30) days bire SIX (6) MONTHS from to to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comn O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 150	October 2003.							
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	s action is non-f	inal.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under				erits is				
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application	n.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-18 is/are withdraw	vn from conside	ration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19-30</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>19-30</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requ	irement.						
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	cepted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be h	eld in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	• • • •		• •				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note	the attached Office	Action or form PTO-	152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen 	its have been re	eceived.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ority documents au (PCT Rule 17	have been receive 7.2(a)).	d in this National Sta	age				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes since a specific reference was included in the fit 37 CFR 1.78.	tic priority unde rst sentence of	r 35 U.S.C. § 119(e the specification or	e) (to a provisional ap in an Application Da					
 a) The translation of the foreign language presented the second second	tic priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	and/or 121 since a s					
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s)atent Application (PTO-15					

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1. Applicant's election with traverse of Invention III, claims 19-30, in the Election filed October 15, 2003 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the inventions are not shown to be distinct from one another as evidenced by the identical classification in Class 324, Subclass 96 for each of the groups of claims. This is not found persuasive because Applicants have not shown that the groups are not patentably distinct. Admission on the record by Applicants that the groups are not patentably distinct will result in rejoinder. Applicants appear to be arguing that same subclass of classification means same invention. If such were carried to its logical conclusion there could only be one patent per subclass and Applicants could be denied a patent on the basis that there is already at least one patent in Class 324, Subclass 96. With regard to the "no burden" argument, it is noted that each distinct invention beyond one is a burden in that it draws the attention of the Examiner to its own requirements. Examination requires focus to follow search leads and patterns of logic in formulating applications of the prior art to that which is claimed. When the Examiner has to pursue several search patterns of logic simultaneously or serially, added burden is presented. In order to examine several inventions and/or species simultaneously or serially, added effort beyond that necessary for one invention or species must be expended. Where the effort is serial and the jobs are different the added burden is obvious. Digging two equal holes of the same size requires twice the effort of digging one hole. Such is an obvious conclusion. It can be argued that some inventions or species can be examined simultaneously but such is true only if they are not patentably distinct, that is, if that which applies to any one applies to all others. Where inventions or species are

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patentably distinct each requires separate consideration. As a for instance, consider a properly restrictable apparatus and method of use of that apparatus where one has details without correspondence in the other. Finding references anticipating or making obvious one does not necessarily render the other unpatentable. Having to examine the other constitutes a burden. If the apparatus and method of the above example are not patentably distinct no burden is presented in examining both since if one falls the other falls as well. As a second for instance, consider a properly restrictable combination and subcombination where all the details of the subcombination are not necessary for the combination. Finding references anticipating or making obvious one does not necessarily render the other unpatentable. Having to examine the other is a burden. If the combination and subcombination of the above example are not patentably distinct no burden is presented in examining both since if one falls the other falls as well. Admission on the record that the groups are not patentably distinct will result in rejoinder.

With regard to Applicants' misunderstanding to the reasoning that the "sub-combination has separate utility, such as determining electric field information that is dependent on temperature variations," with respect to combination – subcombination relationship between Inventions III and I respectfully, it is further noted that the subcombination compensates for temperature variations using bandgap modulation means wherein the bandgap modulation exhibits a relationship that is a function of temperature, mathematically speaking, to compensate for temperature variations. The combination does not require such a relationship.

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With regard to Applicants' argument that the relationship between Invention I and Invention II is improper, it is noted that no combination – subcombination relationship was so indicated to that set of inventions. Rather, the relationship of combination to subcombination was indicated as <u>Inventions I and III</u> in a <u>first set</u> and <u>Invention II</u> in a <u>second set</u> respectfully.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

- 2. Claims 1-18 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected Invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the Election filed October 15, 2003.
- 3. In Paragraph [0002], line 2, reference is made to U.S. Application Serial No. 09/877,936. The current status of that application must be indicated in the specification. In this instance, U.S. Application Serial No. 09/877,936 is now pending. It is further noted that U.S. Application Serial No. 09/877,936 is scheduled to Issue as U.S. Patent No. 6,677,769 on January 13, 2004.
- 4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 19-30 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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5. Claims 20-23 and 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is not clear what information is *related to* the electric field as mentioned in claim 20. Moreover, it is not clear how this information is *based on* another portion of the output optical signal as mentioned in claim 20.

It is not clear what the *association* is between an attenuation of a portion of the output optical signal and compensating for temperature variations as mentioned in claim 21. Moreover, it is not clear how to exclude electric field information from the output optical signal during the process used in the deriving means as mentioned in claim 21.

It is not clear how the deriving means compensates for temperature variations based on bandgap modulation of the output optical signal as mentioned in claim 22.

It is not clear what the association is between bandgap modulation and the optoelectronic technique used in the deriving means of claim 29.

It is not clear how to relate to a combination of electric field and temperature information as mentioned in claim 30. Moreover, it is not clear what the relationship is between a measured quantity corresponding to absorption of one other specific portion of the output optical signal to either the electric field, temperature information or combination of both the electric field and temperature information. Additionally, claim 30, as written, fails to convey a clear understanding of Applicants' invention.

Terms such as "related to," "association" and "based on" present indefinite limitation(s) to the claimed invention.

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6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

7. Claims 19 and 24-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticpated by

Zhang et al (5952818).

Zhang et al anticipates (Figure 15) an electro-thermal field mapping apparatus for

scanning a workpiece (104) comprising:

means for generating an optical signal (Laser Beam);

an electro-optic field-mapping sensor (indicated as item 100 in Figure 15

however referred to as item 106 in specification at column 12, line 19) for receiving the

generated optical signal and for generating an output optical signal influenced by an

electric field associated with the workpiece passing through the sensor (col 12, In 11-

31);

means for sensing a characteristic of the output optical signal containing electric

field magnitude and phase information (col 12, In 32-61); and

means for deriving the sensed characteristic independent of

temperature variations (col 11, ln 36-46; using ZnTe crystal); as recited in claim 19.

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The limitations of claims 24-28 are considered inherent in the apparatus of Zhang et al or are within the normal range of operating the apparatus of Zhang et al. Moreover, the limitations of claims 24-28 do not further limit the apparatus as claimed.

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Russell Kobert whose telephone number is (703) 308-5222. Starting January 12, 2004, the new telephone number will be (571) 272-1963.

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The Examiner's Supervisor, Kammie Cuneo, can be reached at (703) 308-1233. Starting January 12, 2004, the new telephone number will be (571) 272-1957.

For an automated menu of Tech Center 2800 phone numbers call (571) 272-2800.

Russell M. Kobert Patent Examiner Group Art Unit 2829 January 6, 2004